# INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

# DATA SHEET

For a complete data sheet, please also download:

- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Family Specifications
- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Information
- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Outlines

# **74HC/HCT93**4-bit binary ripple counter

Product specification
File under Integrated Circuits, IC06

December 1990





# 4-bit binary ripple counter

# **74HC/HCT93**

# **FEATURES**

- · Various counting modes
- Asynchronous master reset
- · Output capability: standard
- I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI

# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The 74HC/HCT93 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with low power Schottky TTL (LSTTL). They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC/HCT93 are 4-bit binary ripple counters. The devices consist of four master-slave flip-flops internally connected to provide a

divide-by-two section and a divide-by-eight section. Each section has a separate clock input ( $\overline{CP}_0$  and  $\overline{CP}_1$ ) to initiate state changes of the counter on the HIGH-to-LOW clock transition. State changes of the  $Q_n$  outputs do not occur simultaneously because of internal ripple delays. Therefore, decoded output signals are subject to decoding spikes and should not be used for clocks or strobes.

A gated AND asynchronous master reset (MR<sub>1</sub> and MR<sub>2</sub>) is provided which overrides both clocks and resets (clears) all flip-flops.

Since the output from the divide-by-two section is not internally connected to the succeeding stages,

the device may be operated in various counting modes. In a 4-bit ripple counter the output  $Q_0$  must be connected externally to input  $\overline{CP}_1$ . The input count pulses are applied to clock input  $\overline{CP}_0$ . Simultaneous frequency divisions of 2, 4, 8 and 16 are performed at the  $Q_0$ ,  $Q_1$ ,  $Q_2$  and  $Q_3$  outputs as shown in the function table. As a 3-bit ripple counter the input count pulses are applied to input  $\overline{CP}_0$ .

Simultaneous frequency divisions of 2, 4 and 8 are available at the  $Q_1$ ,  $Q_2$  and  $Q_3$  outputs. Independent use of the first flip-flop is available if the reset function coincides with reset of the 3-bit ripple-through counter.

# **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

GND = 0 V;  $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$ ;  $t_r = t_f = 6 \, \text{ns}$ 

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT	
STIVIBUL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	НС	HCT 15 77 3.5 22	ONIT
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay $\overline{CP}_0$ to $Q_0$	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}; V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$	12	15	ns
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum clock frequency	$C_L = 15 \text{ pr}, \text{ VCC} = 5 \text{ V}$	100	77	MHz
Cı	input capacitance		3.5	3.5	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance per package	notes 1 and 2	22	22	pF

# **Notes**

1.  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu W$ ):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$$
 where:

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz; f<sub>o</sub> = output frequency in MHz

$$\sum (C_1 \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0) = \text{sum of outputs}$$

C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF; V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V

2. For HC the condition is  $V_1 = GND$  to  $V_{CC}$ ; for HCT the condition is  $V_1 = GND$  to  $V_{CC} - 1.5$  V

# ORDERING INFORMATION

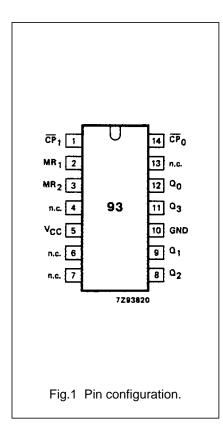
See "74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Information".

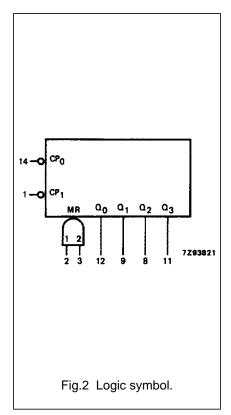
# 4-bit binary ripple counter

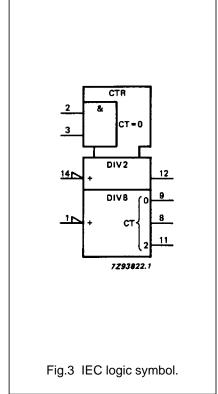
# 74HC/HCT93

# **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	CP₁	clock input 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> section (HIGH-to-LOW, edge-triggered)
2, 3	MR <sub>1</sub> , MR <sub>2</sub>	asynchronous master reset (active HIGH)
4, 6, 7, 13	n.c.	not connected
5	V <sub>CC</sub>	positive supply voltage
10	GND	ground (0 V)
12, 9, 8, 11	Q <sub>0</sub> to Q <sub>3</sub>	flip-flop outputs
14	$\overline{CP}_0$	clock input 1st section (HIGH-to-LOW, edge-triggered)

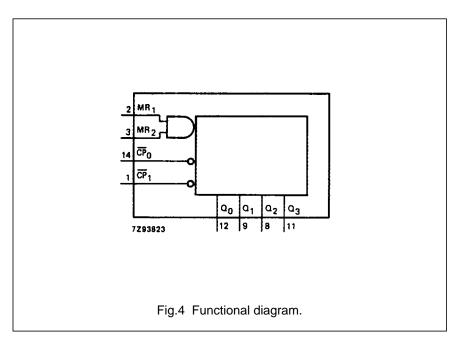






# 4-bit binary ripple counter

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# Fig.5 Logic diagram.

# **FUNCTION TABLE**

COUNT		OUTI	PUTS				
COUNT	$Q_0$	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>3</sub> L L L L L			
0 1 2 3	L H L H	L H H	L L L	L L L			
4 5 6 7	L H L	L H H	H H H	L L L			
8 9 10 11	L H L H	L H H	L L L	H H H			
12 13 14 15	L H L H	L H H	H H H	H H H			

# Notes

1. Output  $Q_0$  connected to  $\overline{CP}_1$ . H = HIGH voltage levelL = LOW voltage level

# **MODE SELECTION**

	SET UTS		OUTP	UTS					
MR <sub>1</sub>	MR <sub>2</sub>	$Q_0$	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	$Q_3$				
Н	Н	L	L	L	L				
L	Н		cou	int	•				
H	L	count							
L	L	count							

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# 4-bit binary ripple counter

**74HC/HCT93** 

# DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

For the DC characteristics see "74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Family Specifications".

Output capability: standard

I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI

# **AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC**

 $GND = 0 V; t_r = t_f = 6 ns; C_L = 50 pF$ 

				-	Γ <sub>amb</sub> (°	C)				TEST CONDITIONS	
SYMBOL	DADAMETED				74HC	;					
	PARAMETER		+25		-40 to +85		-40 to +125		UNIT	V <sub>CC</sub>	WAVEFORMS
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.		(',	
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay $\overline{CP}_0$ to $Q_0$		41 15 12	125 25 21		155 31 26		190 38 32	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay  CP <sub>1</sub> to Q <sub>1</sub>		49 16 13	135 27 23		170 34 29		205 41 35	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay $\overline{CP}_1$ to $Q_2$		61 22 18	185 37 31		230 46 39		280 56 48	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay $\overline{\text{CP}}_1$ to $\mathbb{Q}_3$		80 29 23	245 49 42		305 61 52		370 71 63	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6
t <sub>PHL</sub>	propagation delay MR <sub>n</sub> to Q <sub>n</sub>		50 18 14	155 31 26		195 39 33		235 47 40	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.7
t <sub>THL</sub> / t <sub>TLH</sub>	output transition time		19 7 6	75 15 13		95 19 16		110 22 19	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6
t <sub>rem</sub>	removal time MR <sub>n</sub> to $\overline{CP}_0$ , $\overline{CP}_1$	50 10 9	8 3 2		65 13 11		75 15 13		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.7
t <sub>W</sub>	pulse width $\overline{CP}_0, \overline{CP}_1$	80 16 14	14 5 4		100 20 17		120 24 20		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6
t <sub>W</sub>	master reset pulse width MR <sub>n</sub>	80 16 14	14 5 4		100 20 17		120 24 20		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.7
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum clock pulse frequency $\overline{CP}_0$ , $\overline{CP}_1$	6.0 30 35	30 91 108		4.8 24 28		4.0 20 24		MHz	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6

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# 4-bit binary ripple counter

**74HC/HCT93** 

# DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

For the DC characteristics see "74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Family Specifications".

Output capability: standard

I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI

# Note to HCT types

The value of additional quiescent supply current ( $\Delta I_{CC}$ ) for a unit load of 1 is given in the family specifications. To determine  $\Delta I_{CC}$  per input, multiply this value by the unit load coefficient shown in the table below.

INPUT	UNIT LOAD COEFFICIENT
$\overline{CP}_0, \overline{CP}_1$	0.60
MR <sub>n</sub>	0.40

# **AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT**

 $GND = 0 V; t_r = t_f = 6 ns; C_L = 50 pF$ 

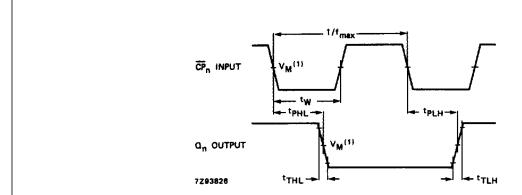
					T <sub>amb</sub> (°	C)				TEST CONDITIONS	
SYMBOL	PARAMETER				74HC	Т					
	PARAMETER	+25		-40 to +85		-40 to +125		UNIT	V <sub>CC</sub>	WAVEFORMS	
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.		(-,	
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay  CP <sub>0</sub> to Q <sub>0</sub>		18	34		43		51	ns	4.5	Fig.6
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay  CP <sub>1</sub> to Q <sub>1</sub>		18	34		43		51	ns	4.5	Fig.6
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay CP <sub>1</sub> to Q <sub>2</sub>		24	46		58		69	ns	4.5	Fig.6
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay  CP <sub>1</sub> to Q <sub>3</sub>		30	58		73		87	ns	4.5	Fig.6
t <sub>PHL</sub>	propagation delay MR <sub>n</sub> to Q <sub>n</sub>		17	33		41		50	ns	4.5	Fig.7
t <sub>THL</sub> / t <sub>TLH</sub>	output transition time		7	15		19		22	ns	4.5	Fig.6
t <sub>rem</sub>	removal time MR <sub>n</sub> to $\overline{\text{CP}}_0$ , $\overline{\text{CP}}_1$	10	3		13		15		ns	4.5	Fig.7
t <sub>W</sub>	pulse width $\overline{CP}_0, \overline{CP}_1$	16	7		20		24		ns	4.5	Fig.6
t <sub>W</sub>	master reset pulse width MR <sub>n</sub>	16	5		20		24		ns	4.5	Fig.7
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum clock pulse frequency $\overline{CP}_0$ , $\overline{CP}_1$	30	70		24		20		MHz	4.5	Fig.6

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# 4-bit binary ripple counter

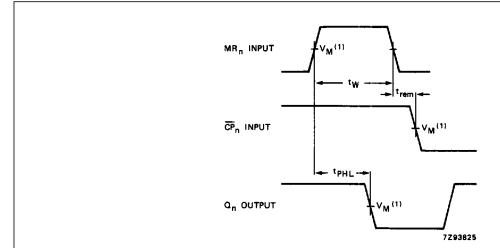
**74HC/HCT93** 

# **AC WAVEFORMS**



(1) HC :  $V_M$  = 50%;  $V_I$  = GND to  $V_{CC}$ . HCT:  $V_M$  = 1.3 V;  $V_I$  = GND to 3 V.

Fig.6 Waveforms showing the clock  $(\overline{CP}_n)$  to output  $(Q_n)$  propagation delays, the clock pulse width, output transition times and the maximum clock pulse frequency.



(1) HC :  $V_M$  = 50%;  $V_I$  = GND to  $V_{CC}$ . HCT:  $V_M$  = 1.3 V;  $V_I$  = GND to 3 V.

Fig.7 Waveforms showing the master reset (MR<sub>n</sub>) pulse width, the master reset to output (Q<sub>n</sub>) propagation delays and the master reset to clock ( $\overline{CP}_n$ ) removal time.

# **PACKAGE OUTLINES**

See "74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Outlines".